Unit 21 現在完成式

I. 動詞變化的觀念 (請參考書後更多不規則動詞的變化)

Base form	Past	Present Participle	Past Participle (V-en)
動詞原形	動詞過去式	動詞現在分詞	動詞過去分詞
do/does	did	doing	done
get	got	getting	got/gotten
write	wrote	writing	written
spend	spent	spending	spent
eat	ate	eating	eaten
read	read	reading	read
wear	wore	wearing	worn
take	took	taking	taken
give	gave	giving	given
go	went	going	gone
swim	swam	swimming	swum
buy	bought	buying	bought
sing	sang	singing	sung
make	made	making	made
meet	met	meeting	met
see	saw	×	seen
know	knew	×	known
be	was/were	×	been

說明:

每一個動詞有四個型如上表,各有在表達上不同的意義。第四型或稱為過去分詞, 通常簡稱為 pp,用以表達「已經完成...」或「尚未完成...」的想法。以下進一步說 明 pp 應用時與其他表達的不同。

II. 為何需要過去分詞 pp?請比較下方表達意義的不同。

- 1. I do my homework every day. 我每天做功課。
- 2. I am doing my homework now. 我現在正在做功課。
- 3. I did my homework one hour ago. 我一個小時之前做了功課。
- 4. I was doing my homework at 0600 this evening. 我今天傍晚六點時正在做功課。
- 5. I have done my homework (already). 我已經做過功課了。
- 6. I have been doing my homework for 2 hours. 我已經連續做了兩個小時的功課了。

*說明:

表達「已經完成」或「已經完成幾次」。通常用 for 或 since 來表達某事已經持續進行了多久: for + 一段時間 / since + 過去時間的起點。例句:

- 1. It has been cold **for** many days.
- 2. A: How long have you lived here? B: I have lived here **for** 4 years.
- 3. We have lived here **since** I was born.
- 4. We have been playing basketball for 2 hours.

習作1:用 since 或 for 完成下列的句子。

- 1. I came to this city six months ago. I have been in this city <u>for</u> six months.
- 2. Kim has been in this city <u>since</u> January.
- 3. It's now two o'clock. Carmen has been in class <u>since</u> one o'clock.
- 4. Carmen has been in class *for* an hour.
- 5. Erica has been a teacher <u>since</u> 1994.
- 6. Mr. Gow has been a plumber *for* 20 years.
- 7. My parents are visiting me this week. They have been here <u>for</u> five days.
- 8. They have been here <u>since</u> last Saturday.
- 9. I have been awake *since* six o'clock this morning.
- 10. My friend is very ill. She has been in the hospital <u>for</u> four days.

動	詞表。		
1.	I am a teacher. I (teach) <u>have taught/have been teaching</u> English for ten years.		
2.	Maria got some bad news last week. She (be) <u>has been</u> sad since she (get) <u>got</u>		
	the bad news.		
3.	I started school when I was five years old. I (be) <u>have been</u> in school since I (be)		
	<u>was</u> five years old.		
4.	Ann's brother arrived a few days ago to visit her. She loves her brother. She (be)		
	<u>has been</u> happy since her brother (come) <u>came</u> .		
5.	Jack moved to Taipei after she graduated from elementary school. Jim (be) <u>has</u>		
	<u>been</u> in Hong Kong since he (graduate) <u>graduated</u> .		
6.	Two days ago, it started to rain. The weather (be) <u>has been</u> cool and wet since it		
	(rain) <u>rained</u> two days ago.		
7.	Jack broke his leg five days ago. He (be) <u>has been</u> in the hospital since he		
	(break) <u>broke</u> his leg.		
8.	I (know) <u>have known</u> Mary since I was a child.		
9.	Mary (be) <u>has been</u> a good friend of mine for a long time.		
10	. We live in Kaohsiung. We (live) <u>have lived[have been living</u> here for 15 years.		
11	. Janet and Sam (have) <u>have had</u> their dog Fido for three years.		
12	. My uncle (work) <u>has worked[has been working</u> at the company for seventeen		
	years.		
13	.I (see) <u>have seen</u> several movies this summer vacation.		
14	. Cook's hair started to turn gray at forty. He (have) <u>has had</u> quite a lot of gray		
	hair.		

習作 2:用括弧中的提示動詞以適當動詞型填入空格。必要時請參考附加的不規則